

Stone Age to Iron Age

Which important change between the Stone Age to the Iron Age, has had the biggest impact on Seal Primary School?’

Academic Excellence

We will learn the knowledge on the ‘recall page’ and we will be mastering the following skills:

- Identify AD and BC on a timeline
- Explain ways in which Britain changed during the Stone Age and Iron Age
- Make comparisons between the Stone Age and Iron Age

Character

What value am I focusing on and how will I demonstrate it?

Aspiration

I know what steps to take to improve my weaknesses.

Outcome– How will our learning be used in real life?

To make a vlog for prospective parents on the impacts of the ‘ages’ on our lives at Seal Primary School.

Learning to Learn

Our focus thinking tool is:

Smart Targets

What is my target?

How will I know I have achieved my targets?

What do I already know that will help me?

What are the things I need to do?

What time do I have to complete this?

Personalisation

What will help me in this experience?

- Purposeful recording of steps to remember and organise information
- Thinking tools that work best for me.
- Resources and tools in the classroom that support my learning

Rights Respecting

Article 13: The right to find out things and share what you think with others, by talking, drawing, writing.

Article 29: The right to develop your talents and abilities

Concept

Chronology

I understand that that eras and ages are usually made up of more than one century. AN age is a period in history and an era is a time period of indeterminate length.

Recall Page

Knowledge

Vocabulary

Chronology	The arrangement of events or dates in the order of their occurrence.
Era	A period of time beginning with some special date or event.
Century	A period of a hundred years that is used when stating a date.
Age	Periods of time in History.
AD	Anno Domini, Latin for "in the year of the Lord" and refers to the time AFTER Jesus was alive.
BC	Before Christ and refers to the time BEFORE Jesus was alive.
Timeline	A chronological arrangement of events in the order of their occurrence.
Advancements	A development or improvement.
Innovations	A new method, idea or product.
Customs	A tradition is a belief or behaviour passed down within a group or society with symbolic meaning or special significance with origins in the past.
Stone	A hard solid non-metallic mineral matter of which rock is made, especially as a building material.
Bronze	A yellowish-brown alloy of copper with up to one-third tin.
Iron	A strong, hard magnetic silvery-grey metal, much used as a material for construction and manufacturing, especially in the form of steel.

I will need to know:

- Where Stone Age and Iron Age fit into a timeline/chronological timeframe
- That time in history can be divided into BC and AD and what these mean
- Some key changes that happened between Stone Age and Iron Age
- How people lived during the Stone Age and Iron Age
- Some major innovations and advancements from the Stone Age and Iron Age

Key facts

- The Stone Age is the longest time period in the human timeline.
- Stone Age people did not always live in caves.
- The wheel was invented in the Bronze Age.
- The first forms of writing started in the Bronze Age.
- People were ruled by warrior kings in the Iron Age.
- Life expectancy in the Iron Age was only 25 years old.
- Coins were invented in the Iron Age.

Expert Piece



A video that describes and compares the Stone Age to the Iron Age in Britain.