## Halving chains

## Children investigate which numbers from

1 to 20 will give the longest halving chain (each 'link' must be a whole number).

## Skills practised:

- Halving even numbers up to 20
- Recognising even numbers

Conjecture: The biggest number will give the longest halving chain. (This is false but the children may enjoy proving it to be wrong!)

## What to do:

Children work in pairs.
Each pair needs 20 cubes.

1. Ask children to write 12, halve it (using cubes to help if necessary) and write down the answer, 6 . They then halve 6 and write the answer, 3. Can we halve 3 without cutting a cube in half? Children try if they are not sure. So we've made a halving chain starting at 12:

$$
12 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 3
$$

2. Challenge children to find which number up to 20 produces the longest halving chain. (Each number in the chain must be a whole number.) Which number do they think it might be?

Did 20 produce the longest chain? Why not?
What do children notice about the numbers in the longest chain?
CHALLENGE: Could children use doubling to produce an even longer halving chain?

## Aim:

- To make and test predictions


## Minimum number of calculations expected 15



